Guidelines on Corporate Governance of
Vista Outdoor Inc.
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GUIDELINES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

OF

VISTA OUTDOOR INC.

The following Guidelines on Corporate Governance (these “Guidelines”) have been adopted by the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Vista Outdoor Inc. (the “Company”) to assist the Board in the exercise of its duties and responsibilities and to serve the best interests of the Company. These Guidelines should be interpreted in the context of all applicable laws, including the Delaware General Corporation Law and the Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws of the Company. These Guidelines are intended to serve as a flexible framework within which the Board may conduct its business and not as a set of legally binding obligations. These Guidelines are subject to modification from time to time by the Board as the Board may deem appropriate in the best interests of the Company or as required by applicable laws and regulations.

1. ROLE OF THE BOARD

1.1 Oversight of the Company’s Affairs

The day-to-day management of the Company, including the preparation of financial statements and short- and long-term strategic planning, is the responsibility of the Company’s management. The primary responsibility of the Board is to oversee and review management’s performance of these functions in order to advance the long-term interests of the Company and its stockholders. The Board may consider the needs of employees, suppliers and customers of the Company, the communities in which the Company conducts its business and other factors it deems pertinent in fulfilling this responsibility, but in all cases, must exercise common sense business judgment and act in what it reasonably believes to be in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders.

While discharging their obligations, directors are entitled to rely on the honesty and integrity of the Company’s senior executives and its outside advisors and auditors. It is, however, the Board’s responsibility to establish that it has a reasonable basis for such reliance by ensuring that it has a strong foundation for trusting the integrity, honesty and undivided loyalty of the Company’s senior executives upon whom it is relying and the expertise of outside advisors and the independence and expertise of auditors.

The Board is responsible for ensuring the Company conducts its business in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

1.2 Promoting a Proper Business Environment

All directors, members of management and other employees are expected to adhere to the spirit as well as the letter of laws and regulations and to uphold the ethical
standards of the Company in carrying out their responsibilities to and on behalf of the Company.

The Company has a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the “Code”) that applies to all directors, officers and other employees. The Audit Committee shall review and assess, and make recommendations to the Board regarding the adequacy of, the Code, as well as the Company’s procedures for ensuring proper distribution, education and compliance with the Code. Any waivers of the Code for directors and executive officers may be made only by the Board or the Audit Committee and will be promptly disclosed to stockholders.

Copies of the current version of these Guidelines, the Code and the charter of each key committee of the Board shall be made available on the Company’s website.

2. BOARD STRUCTURE

2.1 Board Size

The Board believes that a size of 3 to 12 directors is appropriate. This range encourages diversity of experience without diminishing individual accountability or effective discussion. The Board would consider increasing its size under special circumstances, such as to accommodate the availability of an outstanding candidate for Board membership.

The Nominating and Governance Committee will periodically review the size of the Board, and recommend to the Board the size that is most effective in relation to future operations.

2.2 Selection of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The Company’s Bylaws, which the Board can amend as particular circumstances warrant, provide for the designation of a Chairman of the Board of the Company (the “Chairman”) and Chief Executive Officer of the Company (the “Chief Executive Officer”). The Board has no fixed policy with respect to the combination of the positions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and believes that the separation or combination of these offices is a matter for regular discussion by the Board.

2.3 Lead Director

In the event the Chairman is not independent, a lead independent director (the “Lead Independent Director”) shall be elected annually by a majority of the independent directors. The Lead Independent Director will have the following duties and responsibilities:

i. in consultation with the other independent directors, to consult with the Chairman as to an appropriate schedule for Board meetings;
ii. to consult with the Chairman regarding the information, agendas and schedules for the meetings of the Board;

iii. to confer with the Chairman as to the quality, quantity and timeliness of the information submitted by the Company’s management that is necessary or appropriate for the independent directors to effectively and responsibly perform their duties;

iv. to serve as the principal liaison between the independent directors and the Chairman and between the independent directors and the Company’s management;

v. to promote and ensure that the independent directors have adequate opportunities to meet and discuss issues in sessions/meetings without other Board members or the Company’s management being present, except to the extent desired, including ensuring that the independent directors meet in at least one executive session each year without the participation of the non-independent directors or the Company’s management;

vi. to chair the executive sessions and other meetings of the independent directors and communicate, as appropriate, the results of those sessions/meetings to the Chairman, the Board and the Company’s management;

vii. when requested by the Board, to chair meetings of the Board in the absence of the Chairman;

viii. to notify the Chairman or the Board in the event there are stockholder questions or comments directed to the Lead Independent Director and/or the independent directors as a group, and, at the request of and with consultation with the Chairman or the Board, to respond to such questions and comments; and

ix. to perform such other duties and have such other responsibilities as the Board may from time to time delegate to the Lead Independent Director.

The Board will adopt a Lead Independent Director Charter in furtherance of the processes, procedures, duties and responsibilities stated above. The name of, and means of contacting, the Lead Independent Director will be disclosed in the proxy statement for the Company’s annual meeting of stockholders or on the Company’s website.

3. DIRECTOR QUALIFICATIONS

3.1 Director Independence

A majority of the Board’s members should qualify as independent directors under
the requirements of the New York Stock Exchange (the “NYSE”) and any other applicable regulatory authority. For a director to be deemed “independent,” the Board must affirmatively determine that the director has no material relationship with the Company (either directly or as a partner, stockholder or officer of an organization that has a relationship with the Company). The Board has established guidelines to assist it in determining director independence in conformity with NYSE listing requirements. These guidelines are set forth in Annex A hereto. In addition, the Board will consider all relevant facts and circumstances in making an independence determination.

3.2 Members of Management on Board

The Board believes the Chief Executive Officer should serve on the Board. While the Board is willing to consider other members of management, in addition to the Chief Executive Officer, as directors, Board membership is not necessary or a prerequisite to any higher management position in the Company.

3.3 Service on Other Boards

No member of the Audit Committee may serve simultaneously on the audit committees of more than two other public company boards, unless the Board determines that such simultaneous service would not impair such director’s ability to serve effectively on the Audit Committee and such determination is disclosed in the Company’s annual proxy statement. Directors shall advise the Chairman and the Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee prior to accepting an invitation to serve on the board of another public company or an appointment to serve on the audit committee or compensation committee of another public company board.

3.4 Change in Business or Professional Affiliations or Responsibilities

Individual directors whose business or professional affiliations or responsibilities change from the time they were first elected to the Board (due to retirement, resignation or otherwise) shall, if such change could materially adversely affect the director’s service on the Board, volunteer to resign from the Board. Although it is not appropriate for such resignation to be accepted in all instances, the Board, through the Nominating and Governance Committee, shall review the continued appropriateness of Board membership under each particular set of circumstances.

4. DIRECTOR SELECTION AND TENURE

4.1 Selection of New Director Candidates

The Board is responsible for nominating members for election to the Board and for filling vacancies on the Board that may occur between annual meetings of stockholders. The Nominating and Governance Committee is responsible for identifying, screening and recommending candidates for Board membership to the Board. When formulating its Board membership recommendations, the Nominating and Governance
Committee may consider any advice and recommendations offered by the Chief Executive Officer.

Any director candidates nominated by the stockholders in accordance with the Company’s Bylaws will be considered by the Nominating and Governance Committee for recommendation.

4.2 Extending the Invitation to a New Potential Director to Join the Board

The invitation to join the Board should be extended on behalf of the Board by one or more directors designated by the Board.

4.3 Term Limits and Retirement Age

No independent director shall serve on the Board past the annual meeting of stockholders following the tenth anniversary of the director’s election to the Board unless the Nominating and Governance Committee, in its discretion, waives this requirement.

The Board does not believe it to be in the Company’s best interests to establish a mandatory retirement age for directors.

4.4 Voting for Directors

If, in an election of directors that is not a contested election, the votes cast in favor of a nominee’s election do not exceed the votes cast against, or withheld with respect to, such nominee, such nominee must promptly offer his or her resignation to the Board.

The Nominating and Governance Committee will promptly consider the resignation offer and make a recommendation to the Board as to whether to accept or reject the tendered resignation and whether other action should be taken. The Board will act on the tendered resignation within 90 days following certification of the election results. The Nominating and Governance Committee, in making its recommendation, and the Board, in making its decision, may consider any factors or other information that it considers appropriate and relevant, including any stated reasons why the stockholders withheld votes from such director, the director’s tenure, the director’s qualifications, the director’s past and expected contributions to the Board, and the overall composition of the Board.

Following the Board’s decision, the Company will promptly disclose the Board’s decision regarding whether to accept or reject the director’s resignation offer in a Form 8-K furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). If the Board has decided to reject the offered resignation or to pursue any additional action, then the disclosure will include the rationale behind the decision.

Any director who offers his or her resignation pursuant to this provision may not participate in the Nominating and Governance Committee deliberations and recommendation or in the Board’s decision whether to accept or reject the resignation
offer.

For purposes of this Section 4.4, a contested election is an election where the Secretary of the Company receives a notice that a stockholder has nominated a person for election to the Board in compliance with the advance notice requirements for stockholder nominees for director set forth in the Bylaws of the Company and such nomination has not been withdrawn by such Stockholder as least 10 days before the Company first mails its notice of meeting for such meeting to the stockholders.

5. Board Meetings

5.1 Selection of Agenda Items for Board Meetings

The Board normally shall meet at least four times per year. The Chairman will establish the agenda for each Board meeting; and the Secretary will distribute a preliminary agenda sufficiently in advance of each meeting to assure Board members are apprised of the principal matters to be considered.

Each Board member may recommend agenda items and is encouraged to raise at any Board meeting subjects that are not on the agenda for that meeting.

At least one Board meeting each year will be an extended Board meeting during which the Board will review long-term strategic plans and discuss principal issues that are expected to affect the Company in the future.

5.2 Distribution of Board Materials

Information and data important to the Board’s understanding of the Company’s business will be distributed regularly to the Board. Directors should review all meeting materials sent to them in advance of Board meetings.

5.3 Presentations

For particular matters that are likely to benefit from advance consideration by Board members, and to conserve meeting time and focus deliberations, presentations should be sent to Board members in advance unless the subject matter is too sensitive.

When there is no prior distribution of a presentation on a sensitive subject, it is the sense of the Board that (a) each member be advised in advance of the meeting of the subject and the principal issues to be considered and (b) the Board be provided ample time to deliberate on any action to be taken.
5.4 Meeting Attendance

Directors are generally expected to attend all regularly scheduled Board meetings and meetings of committees on which they serve, and to spend the time needed and meet as frequently as necessary to properly discharge their responsibilities.

5.5 Regular Attendance of Non-Directors at Board Meetings

The Board believes that the senior officers of the Company should regularly attend Board meetings. In addition, the Chairman may, as particular circumstances warrant, invite other officers or employees of the Company or advisors to attend Board meetings or appropriate portions thereof.

Furthermore, the Board encourages the continuation of the long-standing practice of management to bring managers into Board meetings from time to time who: (a) can provide additional insight into the items being discussed or (b) senior management believe have future potential as leaders.

5.6 Corporate Governance Matters

On matters of corporate governance, decisions will be made by the independent directors in consultation with the Chairman and the Nominating and Governance Committee.

5.7 Executive Sessions of the Independent Directors

The independent directors will meet privately in executive sessions in conjunction with regular meetings of the Board without the presence of any corporate officer or member of management. If the Chairman is independent, he or she will preside over executive sessions of the independent directors. If the Chairman is not independent, the Lead Independent Director will preside over executive sessions of the independent directors. If the Chairman is not independent and the Lead Independent Director is unavailable (or a Lead Independent Director has not yet been appointed), the remaining independent directors will appoint a director to serve in that capacity for such executive session of the independent directors.

Following each executive session of the independent directors, the Lead Independent Director (or his or her replacement appointed pursuant to the immediately preceding paragraph) will discuss with the Chairman or the Chief Executive Officer, to the extent appropriate, matters emanating from the executive session.

6. BOARD COMMITTEES

6.1 Number of Committees

The Board will have at all times the following standing committees: Audit
Committee, Management Development and Compensation Committee and Nominating and Governance Committee. The Board has the flexibility to reconfigure these committees, establish new committees or subcommittees or disband any such committee or subcommittee. Each committee will have a charter that sets forth the purpose, composition, authority, duties and responsibilities of the committee. Each committee will evaluate its performance annually and report its conclusions, including any recommendations for change, to the Board for review.

6.2 Independence of Committee Members

All of the members of the Audit, Compensation, and Nominating and Governance Committees will be independent directors under criteria established from time to time by applicable laws, the NYSE and the Board.

Members of the Audit Committee must satisfy additional SEC independence requirements. Specifically, they may not accept directly or indirectly any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from the Company or its subsidiaries other than their directors’ compensation and may not be an affiliated person of the Company or its subsidiaries.

Members of the Management Development and Compensation Committee are subject to additional independence considerations under NYSE rules. In determining the independence of members of the Management Development and Compensation Committee, the Board must consider all factors relevant to determining whether the director has a relationship with the Company that is material to the director’s ability to be independent from management in connection with the duties of a Management Development and Compensation Committee member, including (a) the source of the director’s compensation, including any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee paid directly or indirectly by the Company or its subsidiaries, and (b) whether the director is affiliated with the Company or its subsidiaries.

6.3 Audit Committee Members

Each member of the Audit Committee must be financially literate in accordance with listing standards of the NYSE, and at least one member must qualify as an “audit committee financial expert” as defined by applicable rules of the SEC.

6.4 Assignment and Rotation of Committee Members

The Nominating and Governance Committee, after consultation with the Chairman, will recommend to the Board the members of the committees taking into account their particular experience and knowledge of the Company and the preferences of individual Board members. The Board shall designate the Chair and the members of each committee.

While rotating committee members should be considered periodically, the Board
does not believe rotation should be mandated as a policy since there are significant benefits attributable to continuity, experience gained in service on particular committees, and utilizing most effectively the individual talents of Board members.

6.5 Frequency and Length of Committee Meetings

The Chair of each committee, taking into account recommendations of committee members and in consultation with the appropriate officers, determines the frequency and length of the meetings of the committee.

6.6 Committee Agenda and Reports

The Chair of each committee, taking into account recommendations of committee members and in consultation with the appropriate officers, will establish the agenda for each committee meeting.

Minutes of each committee meeting will be provided to each Board member to assure that the Board remains fully informed of topics discussed and actions taken. The Chair of each committee will also regularly report at Board meetings on committee matters.

7. DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

The form and amount of director compensation will be determined by the Nominating and Governance Committee, in accordance with the policies and principles set forth in its charter, but with full discussion and approval by the Board. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will biennially review, and compare to market practice, the Board’s compensation, including peer companies that serve as benchmarks for the Company’s financial performance.

The Board believes that a meaningful portion of director compensation should be in the form of common stock of the Company to further the alignment of directors’ and stockholders’ economic interests. Accordingly, each independent director will receive an award of Company common stock at the time the director is first elected to the Board and upon reelection at each subsequent annual meeting of stockholders in such amounts as are approved by the Board. The Board will establish stock ownership guidelines and the Nominating and Governance Committee will annually review the stock ownership of each director prior to the Nominating and Governance Committee’s recommendation to the Board of nominees for election at the annual meeting of stockholders taking into consideration each nominee’s compliance with the stock ownership guidelines.

The only form of compensation for service on the Audit Committee will be directors’ fees, as well as all of the regular benefits that other directors receive. Receipt of pension or other forms of deferred compensation from the Company for prior service will not violate this requirement. Further, in view of their responsibilities, members of the Audit Committee may receive reasonable compensation greater than that paid to non-Audit Committee directors.
A director who is also an officer of the Company shall not receive additional compensation for his or her service as a director.

8. BOARD INTERACTIONS

8.1 Board Access to Senior Management and Employees

Board members shall have access to the officers and employees of the Company, as well as the independent auditor, legal counsel and any consultants and advisors engaged by the Company, as necessary to carry out their duties. It is assumed that Board members will use their reasonable judgment to be sure that such contact is not distracting to the business operation of the Company and that the Chief Executive Officer is appropriately advised of any such contact.

8.2 Advisors

The Board and each committee may retain and have access to independent legal, financial or other advisors of their choice with respect to any issue relating to their activities. The Company will provide for appropriate funding for payment of reasonable compensation for such services.

8.3 Stockholder Communications to the Board

Stockholders and other interested parties may send communications to the Board, an individual director, the independent directors as a group, the Lead Independent Director or a specified Board committee at the following address:

    c/o Corporate Secretary
    262 N. University Avenue
    Farmington, UT 84025
    Attn: Board of Directors

The Secretary will receive and process all communications before forwarding them to the addressee. The Secretary will forward all communications unless he or she determines that a communication is a business solicitation or advertisement, or requests general information about the Company.

Concerns about accounting, internal controls or auditing matters should be reported to the Chair of the Audit Committee as outlined in the Code, which is available on the Company’s website.

8.4 Board Interaction with the Public

The Board shall look to Company’s management to speak for the Company. Absent unusual circumstances or as contemplated by committee charters, Board members shall refer all inquiries from and communications with institutional investors, analysts
and the financial press regarding the Company to the Chief Financial Officer and all inquiries from and communications with the press (other than the financial press) or other constituencies regarding the Company to the CEO. While individual Board members may, from time to time, meet or otherwise communicate with various constituencies involved or concerned with the Company, it is expected that Board members do this with the knowledge of management and, absent unusual circumstances, only at the request of management.

9. BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES

9.1 Formal Evaluation of the Chief Executive Officer

The Management Development and Compensation Committee will annually evaluate the performance of the Chief Executive Officer, review its performance assessment with the entire Board (except any management directors) and obtain the Board’s assessment of the Chief Executive Officer’s performance. The final performance assessment should be communicated to the Chief Executive Officer by the Chair of the Management Development and Compensation Committee.

The evaluation should be based on objective criteria including performance of the business, accomplishment of long-term strategic objectives and talent management.

The Management Development and Compensation Committee will use the evaluation in its deliberations when considering the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer. The Board in executive session (without the Chief Executive Officer or other members of management present) will receive and discuss a report of the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer, as determined by the Management Development and Compensation Committee.

9.2 Succession Planning

At least annually, the Management Development and Compensation Committee shall review the short- and long-term succession plans for the Chief Executive Officer and other senior management positions and report to the Board on succession planning.

9.3 Management Development

There should be an annual report to the Board on the Company’s program for management development. This report should be given to the Board at the same time as the succession planning report.

9.4 Assessing the Board and Committees

The Board will conduct an annual self-evaluation to determine whether the Board and its committees are functioning effectively. The Nominating and Governance Committee, using such resources or methods as it determines, is responsible to report
annually to the Board an assessment of the Board’s performance. Its report will be
discussed with the full Board at the same time as it makes recommendations of nominees
for inclusion in the proxy statement for the next annual meeting. This assessment should
be of the Board’s contribution as a whole as well as the contributions of each director.

In addition, the Nominating and Governance Committee will be responsible, on
an annual basis, to review the Board qualifications and these Guidelines and make
recommendations to the Board regarding any changes to them.

9.5 Director Orientation and Continuing Education

All new directors are required to participate in an orientation program, which
should be conducted within three months after election to the Board. This orientation
will include presentations by senior management to familiarize new directors with the
strategic plans, its significant financial, accounting and risk management issues, its ethics
and compliance programs, its principal officers, and its internal and independent auditors.

The Company will provide directors with presentations from time to time on
topics designed by the Company or third party experts to assist directors in carrying out
their responsibilities. Directors are encouraged to engage in continuing education
regarding the duties and responsibilities of Board and committee members; the Company
will pay the reasonable expenses for directors attending accredited third party training for
these continuing education purposes.

9.6 Board Compliance with Corporate Policies

Directors must comply with the Code to the same extent as if they were
employees of the Company. Any waiver of the Code for directors or executive officers
may be made only by the Board and will be promptly disclosed to stockholders.

Consistent with these policies, proceedings and deliberations of the Board and its
committees are confidential. Each director is required to maintain the confidentiality of
all non-public information received in connection with his or her service as a director, as
well as all non-public information in respect of the proceedings and deliberations of the
Board and its committees, and may not disclose such non-public information to any other
person or entity, except as required by applicable law or with the permission of the Board
or the Chairman.

9.7 Disclosure of these Guidelines

These Guidelines and the committee charters will be posted on the Company’s
website and also will be available in print to any stockholder upon request.

9.8 Board Attendance at Annual Meetings

Directors are expected to attend the Company’s annual meeting of Stockholders
unless they have a valid reason such as a schedule conflict.
9.9Enterprise Risk Management

The Board has primary responsibility for oversight of enterprise risk management, with the standing committees supporting the Board by addressing the risks related to their respective areas of oversight.

The Board should receive a periodic report from management regarding the system that management has implemented to assess, manage and monitor risks. The Board should also receive management’s report on which risks it has assessed as the most significant.

Ordinarily, the Board will receive reports on the risks implicated by the Company’s strategic decisions, concurrent with the deliberations leading to those decisions. From time to time, the Board will receive reports from management on significant risks that are not specifically assigned to the standing committees.

9.10Transactions Outside the Ordinary Course of Business

The Board shall evaluate and approve all material Company transactions not arising in the ordinary course of business.
GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE
OF
VISTA OUTDOOR INC.

A director will not be independent if:

i. the director is, or has been within the last three years, employed by the Company, or an immediate family member of the director is, or has been within the last three years, an executive officer of the Company (provided, that employment of a director as an interim Chairman, Chief Executive Officer or other executive officer of the Company will not disqualify a director from being considered independent following that employment);

ii. the director or an immediate family member of the director received more than $120,000 in direct compensation from the Company during any twelve-month period within the last three years, other than director and committee fees and pension or other forms of deferred compensation for prior service (provided, that such compensation for prior service is not contingent in any way on continued service); provided that compensation received by the director for former service as an interim Chairman, Chief Executive Officer or other executive officer of the Company and compensation received by an immediate family member of the director for service as an employee (other than an executive officer) of the Company need not be considered in determining independence;

iii. the director is a current partner or employee of the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm or internal auditor, or an immediate family member of the director is a current partner of its independent registered public accounting firm or internal auditor, or an immediate family member of the director is a current employee of the independent registered public accounting firm or internal auditor and personally works on the Company’s audit, or the director or an immediate family member of the director was within the last three years (but is no longer) a partner or employee of the independent registered public accounting firm or internal auditor and personally worked on the Company’s audit within that time;

iv. the director or an immediate family member of the director is, or has been within the last three years, an executive officer of another company where any of the Company’s current executive officers at the same time serves or served on the compensation committee of the board of directors of such other company; or

v. the director is a current employee, or an immediate family member of
the director is a current executive officer, of another company that has
made payments to, or received payments from, the Company for
property or services in an amount that, in any of the last three fiscal
years of the other company, exceeds the greater of $1 million or two
percent of the consolidated gross revenues of the other company.

Any one or more of the following relationships, whether individually or in any
combination, will be considered immaterial and would not, in and of themselves, impair
the director’s independence:

Payments To/From the Company

1. the director is an executive officer, employee or general partner, or an
   immediate family member of the director is an executive officer or general
   partner, of another company or entity that has made payments to, or
   received payments from, the Company for property or services in an
   amount that does not exceed, in any of the last three fiscal years of the
   other company or entity, the greater of $1 million or two percent of the
   consolidated gross revenues of the other company or entity;

Indebtedness

2. the director is an executive officer, employee or general partner, or an
   immediate family member of the director is an executive officer or general
   partner, of another company or entity that is indebted to the Company, or
   to which the Company is indebted, and the total amount of either
   company’s (or entity’s) indebtedness to the other at the end of the last
   completed fiscal year is less than two percent of the other company’s or
   entity’s total consolidated assets;

Charitable Contributions

3. the director is an executive officer or employee, or an immediate family
   member of the director is an executive officer, of a charitable
   organization, and the Company’s discretionary charitable contributions to
   the organization (i.e., other than contributions made under the Company’s
   matching gifts program) do not exceed, in any of the last three fiscal years
   of the charitable organization, the greater of $1 million or two percent of
   that organization’s total consolidated gross revenues;

Directorships

4. the director or an immediate family member of the director is a director,
   advisory director or trustee (or serves in a similar position) of another
   company, entity or charitable organization that engages in any transactions
Less Than 10% Equity Interest

5. the director and the immediate family members of the director directly or indirectly own, in the aggregate, less than a 10% equity interest in another company or entity that engages in any transactions (including indebtedness transactions), or has any other relationships, with the Company;

Other

6. an immediate family member of the director is an employee (but not an executive officer) of another company, entity or charitable organization that engages in any transactions (including indebtedness transactions), or has any other relationships, with the Company (including any contributions by the Company to any such charitable organization);

7. a family member (other than an immediate family member) of the director serves in any capacity with the Company; or

8. a family member (other than an immediate family member) of the director serves in any capacity with, or owns any equity interest in, another company, entity or charitable organization that engages in any transactions (including indebtedness transactions), or has any other relationships, with the Company (including any contributions by the Company to any such charitable organization).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board may determine that a director who has a relationship that exceeds the limits described in the immediately preceding paragraph (but only to the extent that the Board determines that the director does not have any direct or indirect material relationship with the Company and any such relationship does not constitute a bar to independence under NYSE listing requirements) is nonetheless independent. The Company will explain in its next Proxy Statement the basis for any such determination.

For purposes of these Guidelines, the term “immediate family member” includes an individual’s spouse, parents, children, siblings, mothers- and fathers-in-law, sons- and daughters-in-law, brothers- and sisters-in-law, and anyone (other than domestic employees) who shares the individual’s home.

The ownership of a substantial amount of stock in the Company will not in itself be a basis for a determination that a director is not independent.

The Board will undertake an annual review of the independence of all
independent directors.